

Catarrh

COLD IN THE HEAD

Relieved instantly by one application of
Birney's Catarrh Powder

Rev. FATHER CLARK, Sec'y to the Rt. Rev. Bishop of Columbus, Ohio, writes:
"Gentlemen—I cannot say enough for your powder. It has cured me of an aggravated catarrh when nothing else could help me. Am delighted with it. All my friends to whom I have recommended it are quite enthusiastic over it. The catarrh, which was most annoying of its time, is in the hospital under their care. I will do anything to speak a good word for the remedy to help others who are suffering."
E. F. FURNAS, Custodian U. S. Appraiser's Store, Chicago, writes:
"Gentlemen—Being almost entirely deaf for a number of years, and getting no relief from many so-called cures, I tried, as I was induced by a friend to try, Birney's Catarrh Powder for my deafness. Have recovered my hearing entirely, so that I can now hear, clearly, it being held in place by my ear. I look upon it as a positive cure for deafness and have recommended its use to many of my friends and can say I have never heard of a case where it has failed to relieve."
FULL SIZE bottle of powder and blower COMPLETE, postpaid, 50c.
Birney Catarrhal Powder Co.
1308 MASONIC TEMPLE, CHICAGO.
Sold everywhere by druggists or direct by us.

MAKES A GOOD HALF CROP.

The Rain All Over the Western Part of Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, April 14.—Associated Press dispatches from various points in Kansas shows that there has been a heavy rainfall in the western and southwestern portions of the state within the last 24 hours. The wheat is reported as greatly benefited.

In the extreme western part of the state, the rain was not nearly enough to insure a full crop, but more than a good half crop is predicted, will result from the downpour. Light rains are also reported in the eastern portion of the state and more rain is expected.

QUIET IN COKE REGIONS.

Advisability of Declaring Strike off Being Considered—Extra Guards on Duty.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., April 14.—Everything is quiet in the coke region today. The plants are generally running and there has been no demonstration by the strikers. An extra force of guards is on duty for the protection of the men at work and no attention will be paid hereafter to the parading of the strikers.

The advisability of declaring the strike off is being strenuously considered by the leaders. They realize that it cannot be pushed without violence, which is possible in the face of the great number of men willing to work and the large force of deputies on guard. The men are desperate.

A PECULIAR SUIT.

A Case in the Sedgewick District Court With Some Strange Complications.

WICHITA, April 14.—F. Cannon & Co. vs the Missouri Pacific railway is the title of an interesting case for damages now on jury trial before Judge Reed. It is a curious suit. It appears that two car loads of corn were assigned to Denver, where the cars were to be unloaded, cleaned and then sent on to their final destination. They were sent over on the West Side to the Hawn elevator company and while they were there Hawn & Co. broke up and the corn was never heard of again, hence this suit.

Bread Riots in Persia.

TEHERAN, Persia, April 14.—A serious condition of affairs prevails at Meshed capital of the province of Keherasan. Bread riots are of daily occurrence there and much distress exists among the 60,000 inhabitants of the city. As a result of the rioting all the bazaars have been closed and the authorities are having great difficulty in protecting property.

Prof. Ford of Ann Arbor Dead.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., April 14.—Dr. C. Ford of the university faculty died today. He was 80 years old and has served the University since 1854. Apoplexy caused his death.

Shirts Repaired.

Send your work to the Topeka Steam Laundry and have them in your shirts sewed up, FREE. Fine work on short notice.

Phone 153.
E. M. WOOLGER, Manager.

Having purchased F. W. Whittier's interest in the firm, we are prepared to give the people of Topeka the best the market affords.
WHITNEY & SON,
730 Kansas ave.

When you buy Quaker home made bread see that it has our registered trade mark (a shield) on it, and you will not be deceived.
VESPER & CO.

Fine Work.

At Topeka Steam Laundry.

Peerless Steam Laundry—Peerless Steam Laundry.

112 and 114 West 8th, Peerless Steam Laundry.

An honest Confession.

If we were asked the reason why "VIAT" performs such wonderful cures, we would be honest, and say, "We don't know." Ask a scientist why an apple invariably falls downward, and he would say it was due to the law of

Gravitation.

That is about all he could tell you. It is no more natural for bodies to gravitate toward the center of the earth than it is for "VIAT" to cure the diseases peculiar to women. It is not a drug, but a food, which nourishes and strengthens the affected parts, thereby enabling nature to throw off the disease. Our Health Book sent free.

KANSAS VIAT CO., Topeka, Kas.

THE FOUNDER OF ARBOR DAY.

Instituted by Secretary Morton Twenty-two Years Ago.

Twenty-two years ago, or, more specifically, on Jan. 4, 1872, Hon. J. Sterling Morton introduced and the Nebraska state board of agriculture passed a resolution urging the people of that state to plant trees on Wednesday, the 10th of the following April. The board supported its resolution with offers of premiums for the largest number of trees properly planted in any one county and by any one person. The resolution was, of course, not mandatory, nor had it the support of any action by the legislature, but the people of Nebraska responded by planting on the day indicated more than 1,000,000 trees.

The outcome of Mr. Morton's resolution, says the St. Louis Republic, has been perhaps the most widespread movement that has resulted from the action of an agricultural board. The people voluntarily observed the day in 1873, and Governor Robert W. Furnas in 1874 made official proclamation recommending to the people that they again observe the day and petition the state legislature to make it a legal holiday. For the next 11 years the inhabitants of Nebraska celebrated Arbor day with constantly increasing interest, but it was not until 1885 that the legislature took official action in the matter. Then the date was changed to April 22 and the occasion made a legal holiday.

Long before this, however, other states, and especially those in the central and region, had followed Nebraska's example in naming a public Arbor day, most of them by direct legislative enactment. Thence the interest spread east, west, north and south, so that by the time Nebraska's tardy legislature had seconded the governor and the board of agriculture millions of new trees were growing in widely scattered regions. Secretary Morton quotes ex-Governor Furnas, now secretary of the state board of agriculture, as estimating that since the establishment of Arbor day there have been planted on that anniversary in Nebraska alone 400,000,000 trees.

Ex-Governor Furnas himself writes: "Since the inauguration of the day in this state it has been instrumental in planting trees on our naturally treeless prairies, numbering into the billions. Nearly all the states in the Union have adopted it. In foreign countries, Eng-



SECRETARY MORTON.

land, France, Germany and Scotland have followed. The work of tree planting, inspired by the existence of Arbor day, is simply wonderful.

The literature of Arbor day throughout the world has grown almost into a library. Pamphlets, newspaper articles, speeches and lectures upon the subject have been published by hundreds. Experts have studied the arboreal needs of many states, and minute instructions as to the best trees to plant, methods of planting and the best time to plant have been issued in nearly every state and territory.

The friends of tree planting in Nebraska took the trouble five years ago to commemorate the institution of Arbor day by issuing a bound volume giving the history of the movement up to that time. An interesting portrait of Mr. Morton forms the frontispiece of the work, and to him the book is dedicated. James Russell Lowell, George William Curtis, George H. Baker, John Boyle O'Reilly, John Burroughs, Edward Everett Hale and Thomas F. Bayard contributed to the volume of letters in praise of Arbor day, and Edith M. Thomas and Edmund Clarence Stedman wrote poems for the work. Up to that time Nebraska had planted more than 350,000,000 trees, and the aggregate planted throughout the United States had reached a number that baffles the imagination.

Most of the states and territories now celebrate Arbor day in April. In some parts of the country this is too early in



LETTER HEADS OF SECRETARY MORTON AND EX-GOVERNOR FURNAS.

the season. In the mountainous region of Colorado, for example, it is practically impossible to plant trees before May because of the deep snows and hard frosts. Several states have altered the date of Arbor day upon finding that it fell too early to suit climatic conditions. Many states provide for special observance of Arbor day in the schools, and the planting of "class trees" by college classes—an ancient custom—has been revived

and extended. All literature has been ransacked for appropriate poems to be recited and songs to be sung as part of the ceremonial of Arbor day. This year will see probably 40,000,000 trees planted on the several anniversaries throughout the Union. Already Nebraska's newly planted trees would form a dense forest covering at least 400 square miles.

While the movement was thus spread far beyond the bounds of Nebraska, the interest of Nebraskans in Arbor day continues to be a matter of special pride. Several of those most active in the early Arbor day movement have adopted emblematic devices for their letter heads by way of commemorating the anniversary. Secretary Morton, whose home, "Arbor Lodge," near Nebraska City, is on the farm he originally settled upon when he first went to Nebraska, more than 30 years ago, has for his letter heads a green tree standing in a green yard over a scroll bearing the motto, "Plant Trees." Ex-Governor Furnas has for a letter head a somewhat similar tree and sword, with "Forest Park Place," the name of his homestead, over the emblem, his own name beneath. Mr. Furnas appropriately uses green ink on his typewriter, a piece of consistency that Secretary Morton has not thought it worth while to follow.

A CHAPLET OF FLOWERS.

Recitation for nine little girls, each carrying the flowers she speaks of. The "field flowers" may be a bunch of the various sorts then in bloom:



See in each heart of crimson
A deeper crimson shine
So in the foldings of our hearts
Should glow a love divine.

Next, place those tender violets.
Look how they still regret
The cell where they were hidden—
The tears are on their yet.

How many souls—his loved ones—
Dwell lonely and apart,
Hiding from all but One above
The fragrance of their heart!

Then take that virgin lily.
How holily she stands!
You know the gentle angels
Bear lilies in their hands.

Yet crowned with purer radiance
A deeper love they claim,
Because their queenlike whiteness
Is linked with Mary's name.

And now this spray of ivy—
You know its gradual clasp
Up oaks strong trees, and towers
Fall crumbling in its grasp.

So God's dear grace around us
With secret patience elms,
And slow, sure power that loosens
Strong holds on human things.

Then heliotrope that turneth
Toward her lord, the sun—
Would that our thoughts as fondly
Sought our beloved one.

Nay, if that branch be fading,
Cast not one blossom by,
Its little task is ended,
And it does well to die.

And let some field flowers even
Be wreathed among the rest.
I think the infant Jesus
Would love such ones the best.

These flowers are all too brilliant.
So place calm heartseases there—
God's last and sacred treasure
For all who wait and bear.

Then lemon leaves, whose sweetness
Grows sweeter than before
When bruised and crushed and broken—
Hearts need that lesson more.

Yet stay, one crowning glory,
All his, and yet all ours,
The dearest tender thought of all
Is still the Passion flower's.

So take it now—nay, heed not
My tears that fall on it,
I thank him for the flowers,
As I can do for all.

—Adelaide Procter.

THE FOREST.

How to Give It a Majestic Appearance and Make It a Delight to the Eye.

As trees grow thickly together in the forest the lower limbs die and drop off while they are small. But in cases of isolated trees the conditions are so different that unless pruned they are often shaped and unsightly. Many people erroneously imagine that as a tree grows the limbs will be raised higher, whereas, from increased weight, they droop and become really lower. The common practice is to neglect pruning shade trees until the view is obstructed by large low limbs, which are then heroically sawed off, leaving large knots and scars, which must ever remain to offend the eye. These useless branches were grown at the expense of the main trunk. Such trees can never present the fine and majestic appearance of those which have a nearly uniform diameter from the ground to the lowest limbs.

In imitation of nature's process in the forest, all limbs and sprouts should be removed as soon as possible up to a desired point. This can usually be done with an ordinary knife, or even the hand. In considering the removal of a sprout the question should be, Will a branch be desirable at that point? If not, let it not remain to rob desirable parts. The height at which branching should be allowed to commence must be decided by individual taste, which will also indicate the lopping off at other points of those branches which are ill formed and not in harmony with the general appearance. Dead and decaying limbs should be promptly removed.—H. E. Sanford.

COOKING BY STEAM.

Food Rendered More Palatable and in Some Cases More Nutritious.

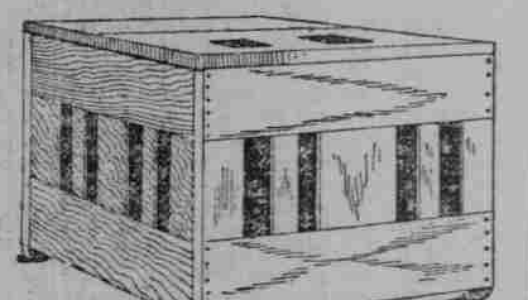
Some claim that food cooked by steam is more nutritious and wholesome than cooked in any other manner. While not agreeing exactly with this statement, I do think that many dishes are more palatable when cooked by steam. In the steam cooker, which I have tried and found satisfactory, there is a perforated disk which fits into the kettle in three different positions; this divides the space into $\frac{1}{2}$ below, $\frac{1}{4}$ below, or $\frac{1}{8}$ below the disk, according to its position. There is also an extension tin top, much like an ordinary steamer, to be used when cooking large quantities or many kinds at once. There is a pipe down one side of the kettle, through which the superfluous steam is discharged into the stove. No odor from the cooking food escapes into the room, for the joint between the kettle and cover is sealed with water.

The steamer is large enough for a turkey, if the bottom of the tin extension is removed, which can be done. For an average family potatoes and a pudding may be cooked in the kettle without the tin extension. Dumplings or a cottage pudding will cook in twenty minutes if the water in the lower compartment is boiling when they are placed in it. Very rich puddings containing suet, etc., require more time. Potatoes will cook in thirty minutes, and are always nice and meaty. Bread and raised biscuit are always nice when cooked by steam, there being absolutely no crust at all, but bread thus cooked should be eaten warm, as it does not keep moist and tender like that baked in the ordinary way. Rice, oatmeal and the like are cooked to perfection by steam. You do not have to stir them to keep them from burning, and every kernel is cooked tender without losing its shape. The many things that can be cooked in a steam cooker, from beef tea to first premium canned fruit, cannot be enumerated here; but persons procuring a steam cooker, I am sure, will pronounce it a "household convenience."—Orange Judd Farmer.

FOR SOILED CLOTHES.

A Whitewood Hamper That Anyone Can Make at Home.

A wicker hamper is desirable for this use, as it is so well ventilated, but where such is not at hand or readily purchasable, a light box can be made to answer the purpose of such a wicker hamper very nicely. Half-inch white-wood or pine is heavy enough to use



for making a box, which should have a hinged cover, and openings on top, bottom and all the sides, which may be rectangular as in the illustration or they may be made by boring holes in the sides with an inch bit in the form of a rectangle or diamond. — Farm and Home.

SOME HOME REMEDIES.

For a bee sting, make a paste of earth and water. Cover the stung place with it, bind it on and it will soon give relief.

When a felon first begins to appear cut off the end of a lemon, put the finger in it and keep it there as long as it can be borne.

For a sore throat, try a frequent gargle of salt and water. If a little is swallowed it will allay the irritation, cleanse the throat and do no harm.

For stains on the hands nothing is better than salt moistened with lemon juice. Rub the spots well with the mixture, then wash off in clean water.

It is said that a good remedy for strengthening and clearing the voice is to beat the white of an egg with the juice of a lemon and sweeten it well with sugar and use as needed.

To cure round shoulders, sleep perfectly horizontal—that is, without any bolster or pillow. The habit can easily be acquired of sleeping thus, and the round shoulders will soon be straightened.

For a cough, boil an ounce of whole flaxseed in a pint of water, strain and add a little honey, the juice of two lemons and an ounce of rock candy. Stir together and boil a few minutes. Drink hot.

Flirting Is Very Bad Form.

The man or woman who will indulge in the practice of "flirting" with an outside party is not worth going out with or being taken out. It is a species of bad form that nothing can excuse, and though there are many who think it cute to make eyes and return signs made by strangers, feeling that such attention is a bit of personal homage, the outside world judges differently and one exhibition of that sort should be enough to wean the respect of either man or woman, no matter how devoted they might heretofore have been.

Gentlemen—I am subject to periodical attacks of sick headache of the worst possible type and commenced taking Krause's Headache Capsules last summer. They cure it in every instance, and since that time I am enjoying splendid health and have gained ten pounds in weight.

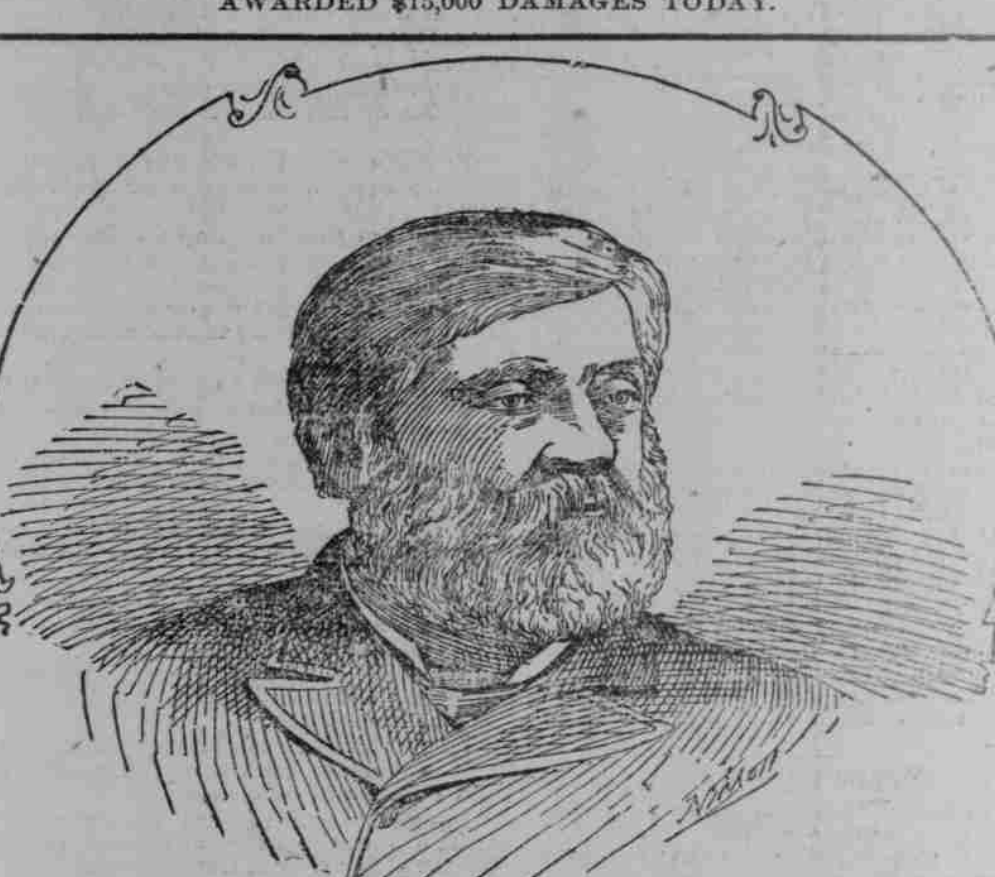
Yours very truly,

F. M. DANIELS, Corwith, Iowa.
Sold by all druggists.
For Croup, Whooping Cough and Colds of children, Cubeb Cough Cure is invaluable. For sale by druggists in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Sold by Rowley Bros.

THE STATE JOURNAL'S Want and Miscellaneous columns reach each working day in the week more than twice as many Topeka people as can be reached through any other paper. This is a fact.



MADELINE POLLARD—PLAINTIFF IN CELEBRATED BRECKINRIDGE TRIAL AT WASHINGTON. AWARDED \$15,000 DAMAGES TODAY.



WILLIAM C. P. BRECKINRIDGE, M. C.
Born in Kentucky August 28, 1837. Graduate of Centor College, Danville, Ky., and the law department of the University of Louisville. Has represented the seventh Kentucky district in Congress for many years. Popularly known as the "silver-tongued orator of Kentucky." In 1892 achieved considerable notoriety lately through the breach-of-promise suit brought against him by Miss Madeline Pollard.

MULCTED FOR \$15,000 TODAY.

SOCIAL NEWS.

Mrs. Ross Burns will return to her home in Boston tomorrow.

Mr. Will Norton, of Muscatine, Ia., is visiting his parents on West Tenth street.

Mrs. Laura Irons Bannister, who has been visiting in the city the past week, returned to Kansas City yesterday.

Mrs. S. Wallace left today for a visit in Horton.

Miss Lottie Rogers went to Kansas City yesterday for a short visit.

Mr. Bert Nichols was given a surprise party last evening in honor of his eighteenth birthday. He was serenaded by the "Juvenile band."

Mrs. Edwin Hillier will entertain on Tuesday and Friday afternoons of next week.

Misses Jessie Lowelling and Edith Coles left this afternoon for Kansas City to spend Sunday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hudson, yesterday afternoon, a daughter.

Mrs. S. J. Miller of San Francisco is in the city, visiting her daughter, Miss Maude Miller.

Miss Stella Wallace of 1113 Monroe street goes to Horton this evening, where she will sing in one of the churches tomorrow.

Mrs. Laura Scammon has been compelled to cancel her engagement for April 16th, when she was to read her paper on "Federation," but will come April 23d instead.

Miss Louie Smith entertained three tables at whist Thursday evening in honor of Miss Lulu Hanson, Los Cerrillos, N. M.

Miss Gussie Fuller will go to Kansas City next week to attend the opera.

James B. Irvin, of Perry, Ok., is visiting his mother, Mrs. Irvin, on Tyler street.

Mr. and Mrs. John McMillan have returned from a two week's visit at the Popenoe farm, twenty miles south of town.

Mrs. W. McKnight and daughter of Xenia, Ohio, are visiting her father J. R. Morgan of the state treasurer's office.

Miss Edith Ward will leave next week for Canada to spend the summer with her sister.

Mrs. Dr. McCray has gone to Kinsley, Kan., to live.

Miss Sutfill, of Lawrence, arrived yesterday to visit Miss May Wasson.

Miss Wasson will entertain the Douze whist club this afternoon in her honor.

Mrs. Dr. Gibson and son Fred will spend Sunday in Kansas City.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Sutton will remove from Van Buren street to the residence just north of M. A. Low's on Fillmore street.

Mr. John D. Myers will spend Sunday in Holton.

Mrs. M. Bosworth entertained twenty-five ladies at tea this afternoon very pleasantly.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Keith have removed from their rooms in the Keith block to 1264 Van Buren street.

Mrs. F. A. Hill, of Seattle, Wash., who is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Martin, received a telegram yesterday afternoon announcing the death of her little daughter in Sioux City, Ia. The remains will be brought here for burial.

URY LET GO FREE.

His Story Taken as the Truth in the Robbery Case.

The case of J. C. Ury, charged with receiving stolen goods, is being argued in Justice Chesney's court this afternoon by S. S. Ury for the state and Joe Esslinger for the defence. The testimony in the case was concluded last evening.

The prosecution showed in evidence practically the same facts proven against the three men who were bound over yesterday. The stolen property was found in Ury's back yard, and Ury himself was discovered hiding under the porch. Ury in explanation said he heard a noise in the yard and went out to see what it was. He did not know the goods were there. When he heard the policemen coming, not knowing but that they were some dangerous characters, he hid to avoid being seen.

Mr. Ury's brother, I. N. Ury, of Ft. Scott, who is registrar of deeds of Bourbon county, and a very argeable gentleman, testified that he was a delegate to the league convention, and on Friday night from 9 to 11 o'clock he was at his brother's house, and would undoubtedly have known if his brother was engaged in any evil plans at that time.

Mr. Ury of Ft. Scott was taken to the county attorney's office yesterday by United States Attorney W. C. Perry, and introduced to Mr. Safford. The story of Mr. Ury is said to have impressed him greatly, and to-day at 3 o'clock after a two days examination he was discharged.

A SHOTGUN BRIGADE.

Goes to Fire on the Industrial Army at Colton.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., April 14.—The second Los Angeles men played after leaving this city last night marched to Colton and there attempted to capture a train on the Southern Pacific.

At 7:30 this morning the court house bell sounded an alarm here and a shotgun brigade of 300 men took a motor for Colton. This body of men organized last night and will act under orders of the sheriff to-day. The unemployed now number 400.

Today Kansas City's Live Stock Sale. DRESSED BEEF AND EXPORT STEERS.

39....	1354	\$4.35	19....	1414	\$4.10
11....	1370	4.05	10....	1240	3.90
20....	1152	3.70	19....	1128	3.25
13....	1203	3.85	27....	992	3.89
11....	1127	3.70	12....	995	3.65
21....	958	3.40			

COWS AND HEIFERS.

2....	1550	3.50	25....	834	3.42½
10....	629	3.25	17....	801	3.15
14....	844	3.09	10....	710	2.10
1....	1010	2.00	2....	720	1.85

HOGS.

61....	365	5.15	80....	225	5.07½
70....	291	5.10	24....	129	5.07½
83....	186	5.02½	26....	220	5.00
122....	165	5.00	73....	205	4.97½
12....	162	4.90	2....	260	3.65
70....	291	5.10	24....	129	5.07½
103....	185	4.95	85....	129	4.80
8....	276	3.25			

Peerless Steam Laundry 112 and 114 West 8th.

D. Holmes, druggist, 731 Kansas ave.